

## TABLED ITEM – EXECUTIVE 20 DECEMBER 2016

**UPDATE TO THE COUNCIL BUDGET 2017/18**

The following information on the Provisional Local Government Finance Settlement 2017/18 has been received since the preparation of the original Executive Report. The impact of this information on the Council's budget proposals is set out below. This information should be read in conjunction with the original Council Budget Paper.

**Provisional Local Government Finance Settlement and Multi Year Settlement Funding**

The provisional Local Government Finance Settlement was issued on Thursday 15 December, this has honoured the commitment to levels of funding for Revenue Support Grant, Transitional Grant and Rural Services Delivery Grant set out in the multi-year settlement for 2017/18. These values are set out in the main Executive report at **Table 1**.

The Settlement announcement has also transferred £241m nationally from the New Homes Bonus Grant to adult social care funding and has confirmed that councils could also raise the council tax precept for social care by 3.00% in 2017/18. The current budget proposal is for a 2.00% increase in the adult care precept. An increase to 3.00% next year generates an additional £2.5m.

**Other Revenue Government Grants**

The provisional Local Government Finance Settlement announcement has reduced the amount of funding due to the Council for New Homes Bonus and added a new grant called the 2017/18 Adult Social Care Support Grant.

- New Homes Bonus Grant of £3.555m (previously £4.555m) for 2017/18. This reflects the reduction to the number of payment years for the New Homes Bonus from six years to five in 2017/18. The grant is now also limited so Council's only receive money from the scheme for homes built above the 0.4% national housing growth baseline; and
- The 2017/18 Adult Social Care Support Grant of £3.383m for 2017/18. This funding is the County Council's share of the £241m transferred from the New Homes Bonus Grant. Allocations are based on the Adult Social Care Relative Needs Formula. The Settlement announcement only includes a one year award for this grant, no indicative figures have been provided for future years.

**Council Tax**

The Secretary of State in the provisional Local Government Finance Settlement has announced confirmed the referendum threshold would remain at 2.00%. He also announced that the net increase in Social Care Precept will remain at 6.00% over the next three years, however, local authorities will not be limited to an annual increase of 2.00%. Local authorities could choose to increase this element of their precept by 3.00% in both of

the next two years (2017/18 and 2018/19), but the total increase may be no more than 6.00% over the next three years.

At present the budget model assumes 2.00% per annum increases for the next three years. Moving, for example, to a 3.00% increase in the next two years and no increase in the third year will generate £2.5m additional income in 2017/18; £5.0m additional income in 2018/19; and no additional income in 2019/20.

A decision will be required on the increase in the adult care precept for next year. At present the draft budget assumes a 2.00% increase.

### **Business Rates**

The provisional Local Government Finance Settlement has updated the estimated income due to the County Council from business rates in 2017/18 to £104.093m (previously £104.921m). This comprises £18.948m (previously £20.874m) collected by the seven District Council's in Lincolnshire and a top up grant of £85.145m (previously £84.047m) from Central Government as the total business rates collected in Lincolnshire are not sufficient to cover local authority spending in the area.

Comparing business rates funding received for 2016/17 to 2017/18, the Council has seen an increase of £1.178m or 1.14% (previously £2.006m or 1.95%) in Business Rates funding between the two financial years.

### **Implications of additional revenue income**

The overall impact of the above changes to the Council's funding has increased the Council's income for 2017/18 by £1.555m (details are set out in the table below):

	Original Assumptions	Provisional LG Finance Settlement	Variance
	£'m	£'m	£'m
Business Rates - Locally Retained Element	20.874	18.948	-1.926
Business Rates - Top Up	84.047	85.145	1.098
New Homes Bonus Grant	4.555	3.555	-1.000
The 2017-18 Adult Social Care Support Grant	0.000	3.383	3.383
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>109.476</b>	<b>111.031</b>	<b>1.555</b>

The Executive is therefore asked to consider the proposed use of this additional income. This additional income could be used:

- To reduce the amount of funding required from the Financial Volatility Reserve to set a balanced budget in 2017/18;
- To fund additional spending by the Council or reduce the savings required to be made; or
- To reduce the planned increase in Council Tax of 3.95%.

It is recommended that this net additional funding is used to reduce the contribution required from the Council's Financial Volatility Reserve to meet the 2017/18 budget shortfall. There is still uncertainty regarding the outcomes of the final Local Government Finance Settlement. There is also continued uncertainty regarding outstanding announcements in respect of a number of specific grants for 2017/18, which could also face larger reductions compared to 2016/17. Overall levels of funding to local government are reducing and will continue to reduce in future years. Use of this funding to smooth the effect of these reductions will allow the Council more time to develop robust new service models. Continuing to reduce service spending while securing additional income from an increase in Council Tax, by 3.95% should make the Council more resilient to the pressures caused by reduced funding.

### **The Council's Overall Revenue Budget**

The table below has been updated to incorporate the additional income above. **TABLE 2** sets out the overall changes in budget, the cost pressures which the Council proposes to fund, the savings to be made and the current proposed use of reserves to bridge the gap between current funding available and service costs.

**TABLE 2: Summary Revenue Budget**

<b>SUMMARY REVENUE BUDGET</b>	<b>2017/18 £m</b>
<b>EXPENDITURE:</b>	
Base Budget	<b>465.860</b>
Cost Pressures ( <i>including inflation</i> )	26.075
Savings	-39.172
<b>Total Expenditure</b>	<b>452.763</b>
Use of Reserves	-26.059
<b>Budget Requirement</b>	<b>426.704</b>
<b>INCOME:</b>	
Local Retention of Business Rates	104.093
Revenue Support Grant	48.291
Other Grants	16.324
County Precept	257.996
<b>Total Income</b>	<b>426.704</b>

The use of this additional income reduces the originally proposed contribution from the Financial Volatility Reserve from £27.914m to £26.359m.

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